

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per *ISO 14025* and *EN 15804+A2*

Owner of the Declaration	ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions Norway AS
Publisher	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Declaration number	EPD-ASA-20250593-IBA1-EN
Issue date	04/02/2026
Valid to	03/02/2031

## Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions Norway AS

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## 1. General Information

### ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions Norway AS

**Programme holder**

IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.  
Hegelplatz 1  
10117 Berlin  
Germany

**Declaration number**

EPD-ASA-20250593-IBA1-EN

**This declaration is based on the product category rules:**

Building Hardware products, 01/08/2021  
(PCR checked and approved by the SVR)

**Issue date**

04/02/2026

**Valid to**

03/02/2031



Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters  
(Chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)



Florian Pronold  
(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

### Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock

**Owner of the declaration**

ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions Norway AS  
Anolitteien 1-3  
1400 Ski  
Norway

**Declared product / declared unit**

The declaration represents the lock 'Vingcard Novel Mortise Lock' which consists of one handle with electronics, one rose, one handle on thumbturn escutcheon, one electro-mechanical mortise lock case, 3 AA alkaline batteries and a kit with screws and spindles to assemble the lock in a door.

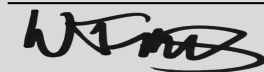
**Scope:**

This declaration and its LCA study are relevant to the Vingcard Novel Mortise Lock manufactured in China.  
The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence.  
The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In the following, the standard will be simplified as EN 15804.  
The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In the following, the standard will be simplified as *EN 15804*.

**Verification**

The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR		
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011		
<input type="checkbox"/>	internally	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> externally



Dr.-Ing. Wolfram Trinius,  
(Independent verifier)

## 2. Product

### 2.1 Product description/Product definition

Product name: Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch

Product characteristics:

- The lock consists of a tubular deadbolt, an electro-mechanical inside escutcheon with electronics and steel/stainless steel parts, in addition to the following decorative aluminium parts: handle on an inside escutcheon, thumbturn handle, handle with reader electronics on an outside rose
- The lock includes a hardware kit with steel screws (M5) and spindles for mounting the lock on a door
- The lock also includes a striker plate for the door frame
- The lock can be used on both wooden and metal doors
- The tubular latch has a switch that detects its position (in door)
- The reader electronics is located in the outside handle behind a plastic cover, and consists of a micro processor and antennas for RFID reading/writing, Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) and Zigbee for online connectivity

For placing on the market in the European Union/European Free Trade Association (EU/EFTA) the following legal provisions apply:

- *RED Directive 2014/53/EU*
- *RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and Amd. 2015/863/EU*

Standards:

- *EN 62479: 2010*
- *IEC 62368-1: 2018*
- *EN 301 489-01: V2.2.3*
- *EN 301 489-03: V2.3.1*
- *EN 55032: 2015 +AC: 2016 +A1: 2020*
- *EN 300 330: V2.1.1*

The CE-marking considers the proof of conformity with the respective harmonized norms based on the legal provisions above.

For placing on the market in the USA and Canada the following legal provisions apply:

- *FCC Part 15*
- *ISED Certificate (RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017, RSS-210 Issue 10 December 2019 Amendment (April 2020))*

Additional products standards which apply are:

- *BHMA A156.2*

### 2.2 Application

Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch requires minimal cut-out in a wooden or metal doors. The lock fits standard templates used for Tubular Latches in the US market and is supported both in the Vostio cloud-based software system and the on-premise system Visionline. Its primary area of use is to secure doors within Hospitality, student accommodation and Senior Care. The lock is compatible with keys presented from a mobile phone using NFC (Wallet keys) and keys sent over Bluetooth Low Energy (Seos®). The lock also supports multiple RFID cards and tags of type DESfire® EV2 and EV3, MIFARE® Plus EV2, MIFARE® Ultralight AES, MIFARE® Ultralight EV1. Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch has built-in radio for Zigbee to support online connectivity.

### 2.3 Technical Data

Name	Value	Unit
Available finishes	Natural Aluminium, Gold, Black, Brown, Rose Gold	
Available handles	Standard, California	
Power (3 x AA alkaline batteries)	4,5	V DC
User interface	RGB LED (green, red, yellow, blue) and acoustic beeper	
Door thickness	33 - 57 / 1,30 – 2,24	mm / inches
Reader IP rating	IP 56	
Backset	2 3/4", 2 3/8"	

### 2.4 Delivery status

Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch is delivered packed by 1 sets in a box size 254 x 165 x 115 mm.

### 2.5 Base materials/Ancillary materials

The composition of the Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch in percentage (%) of total mass per unit is as follows:

Name	Value	Unit
Steel	39.8	%
Aluminum	36.2	%
Stainless Steel	11.4	%
Electronics	5.8	%
Batteries (3 x AA Alkaline)	4.3	%
Plastics	2.5	%
Total	100	%

### 2.6 Manufacture

The manufacturing processes are done in China, as a joint effort between the ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions factory in Shanghai and its sub suppliers located in various distances from the factory. The following processes are included:

1. Aluminum extrusion and machining
2. Plastic injection molding
3. Color anodization
4. Metal stamping
5. Electronics manufacturing and assembly
6. Assembly and packaging of complete lock sets

Industrial Waste is sent for disposal. Waste codes according to European Waste Catalogue and Hazardous Waste List -Valid from 1 July 2015.

- *EW C 15 01 01 Paper and cardboard packaging*
- *EW C 17 02 03 Plastic*
- *EW C 17 04 02 Aluminium*
- *EW C 17 04 05 Iron and steel*
- *EW C 17 04 11 Cables with the exception of those outlined in EW C 17 04 10*
- *EW C Code 20 01 35 Electronics*
- *EW C Code 20 01 33 Batteries*

### 2.7 Environment and health during manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions is committed to producing and distributing solutions with minimal environmental impact, where health & safety is the primary focus for all employees and associates.

Environmental operations, energy, water, waste, and H&S are routinely monitored. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically.

The factory of ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions in Shanghai has a quality management system certified according to ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018.

ASSA ABLOY Code of Conduct covers human rights, labor practices and decent work. Management of ASSA ABLOY is aware of their environmental roles and responsibilities, providing appropriate training, supporting accountability and recognizing outstanding performance.

Any waste metals during machining are separated and recycled.

The factory in Shanghai utilizes solar panels that cover the roof of the building, as well as LED lighting for lower power consumption.

## 2.8 Product processing/Installation

Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch is distributed through the company's own business units located around the world, as well as trained distributors. The product is installed by trained installation technicians from mentioned business units and partners, in addition to local locksmiths, carpenters etc. that adheres to local/national standards and requirements.

## 2.9 Packaging

Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch is packed by 1 set in a cardboard box. The packaging is fully recyclable and has the box size 254 x 165 x 115 mm.

## 2.10 Condition of use

The lock can be used indoors and outdoors in any climate. Batteries must be changed upon low battery warning.

## 2.11 Environment and health during use

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

## 2.12 Reference service life

The lock, excluding batteries, is approved for 1 000 0000 cycles under normal working conditions. Battery lifetime will depend on type of batteries used, frequency of use and whether the lock is part of an online system or not and will typically vary from 2-5 years.

Reference service life for the lock excluding batteries is 10 years.

## 2.13 Extraordinary effects

### Fire

Fire certified according to UL 10C (20,45 and 90min). The product does not contribute to the spread of fire in case of a fire and there is no harmful potential for environment and health.

### Water

Contains no substances that have any impact on water in case of flood.

## Mechanical destruction

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction. If AA Alkaline battery cells are opened or leaking, exposure to the body should be avoided due to possible irritation. First aid measures to be taken, according to Alkaline battery health datasheets.

## 2.14 Re-use phase

The product is possible to re-use during its reference service life and can be moved from one door to another. The majority of components is aluminum, stainless steel and steel, which can be re-cycled. The metal parts can be dis-assembled to separate the different materials.

The plastic parts and cardboard packaging are sent to the waste incineration plant for its energy recovery.

Waste codes according to the European Waste Catalogue and Hazardous Waste List - Valid from 1 July 2015.

- EWC 17 04 02 Aluminum
- EWC 17 04 05 Iron and steel
- EWC 17 02 03 Plastic
- EWC 17 04 11 Cables except for those outlined in EWC
- EWC Code 20 01 35 Electronics
- EWC Code 20 01 33 Batteries

## 2.15 Disposal

The product can be mechanically disassembled to separate the different materials. The majority of components are steel and aluminum which will be recycled. The plastic components are used for energy recovery in an incineration plant. No disposal is foreseen for the product nor for the corresponding packaging.

## 2.16 Further information

ASSA ABLOY Global Solutions AS  
Anolitveien 1-3  
1400 Ski, NORWAY

## 3. LCA: Calculation rules

### 3.1 Declared Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 piece of Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch as specified in Part B requirements on the EPD IBU: PCR Building Hardware products. Functional unit for module B2: Use of 1 piece of Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock for 10 years.

#### Declared unit and mass reference

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	pce.
Mass ( without packaging)	1.626	kg
Mass packaging (paper)	0.290	kg
Mass reference	1.626	kg/pce

### 3.2 System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to grave and module D (A + B + C + D). The following life cycle stages were considered:

#### Production stage:

- A1 – Raw material extraction and processing
- A2 – Transport to the manufacturer and
- A3 – Manufacturing

#### Construction stage:

- A4 - Transport from the gate to the site
- A5 – Packaging waste processing

#### Use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

- B2 – Maintenance (Replacement of batteries)

#### End-of-life stage:

- C1- Deconstruction/demolition at End-of-life stage
- C2 – Transport to waste processing,
- C3 – Waste processing for recycling and
- C4 – Disposal (landfill, waste for incineration).

This includes provision of all materials, products and energy,

packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of-waste state or disposal of final residues. Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries:

- D – Declaration of all benefits and loads

### 3.3 Estimates and assumptions

**Transportation:** Data on the mode of transport and distances, as reported by suppliers were used for those materials and parts contributing more than 2 % of the total product mass. In case of unknown transport distances for parts and materials, contributing less than 2 % to the total product mass, transport by road over an average distance of 500 km was assumed.

**Use stage:** For the use phase, it is assumed that the Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch is used in Europe. According to the most representative scenario, the number of batteries required for functioning of the lock is 3, and the number of battery replacements required is 2.

**EoL:** In the End-of-Life stage, for all the materials from the product which can be recycled (steel, aluminum, electronic parts and stainless steel), a recycling scenario with 100 % collection rate was assumed. The plastic components are sent for energy recovery within a waste incineration process. EoL is assumed to happen within EU-28. Furthermore, a transport distance by truck of 100 km has been assumed in the model.

### 3.4 Cut-off criteria

In the assessment, all available data from the production process are considered, i.e. all raw materials used, auxiliary materials (e.g. lubricants), and electric power consumption - including material and energy flows contributing less than 1 % of mass or energy (if available). In case a specific flow contributing less than 1 % in mass or energy is not available, worst case assumption proxies are selected to represent the respective environmental impacts. Impacts relating to the production of machines and facilities required during production are out of the scope of this assessment

### 3.5 Background data

For life cycle modelling of the considered product, *Sphera's Life Cycle for Experts* (LCA FE) software is used. *Sphera's Managed Lifecycle Content* (MLC) modelling database is used as the background database of the study.

### 3.6 Data quality

The requirements for data quality and background data correspond to the specifications of the *IBU PCR Part A*. Sphera performed a variety of tests and checks during the entire project to ensure a high quality of the completed project. This obviously includes an extensive review of project-specific LCA models as well as the background data used. The technological background of the collected data reflects the physical reality of the declared products. The datasets are complete and conform to the system boundaries and the criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs. All relevant background datasets are taken from the *Sphera's MLC database*.

### 3.7 Period under review

The period under review is 2024, (12-month average).

### 3.8 Geographic Representativeness

Land or region, in which the declared product system is manufactured, used or handled at the end of the product's lifespan: Europe

### 3.9 Allocation

Regarding incineration, the software model for the waste incineration plant (WIP) is adapted according to the material composition and heating value of the combusted material. In this EPD, the following specific life cycle inventories for the WIP are considered for:

- Waste incineration of paper
- Waste incineration of Plastic
- Waste incineration of Wood

Regarding the recycling material of metals, the metal parts in the EoL are declared as end-of-waste status. Thus, these materials are considered in module D. Specific information on allocation within the background data is given in the MLC dataset documentation.

### 3.10 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Sphera's Managed LCA Content CUP 2024.2 serves as background database for the calculation.

## 4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

### Characteristic product properties of biogenic carbon

Characteristic product properties of biogenic carbon. The following technical information is a basis for the declared modules or can be used for developing specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment if modules are not declared (MND).

### Information on describing the biogenic carbon content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in product	-	kg C
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.12	kg C

Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>.

### Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel	27.5	l/100km
Transport distance by truck	800	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	61	%
Transport distance by ship	13500	km

### Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Output substances following waste treatment on site (paper/cardboard packaging)	0,29	kg

### Reference service life

Name	Value	Unit
Life Span according to the manufacturer	10	years

### Maintenance (B2)

Name	Value	Unit
Batteries required for functioning of the Lock	3	units
Number of battery changes required	2	units

Production of 6 AA batteries and the impact of landfilling the batteries as EOL are included in this module

### End of life (C1-C4)

Information for the product

Name	Value	Unit
Transport to EoL (C2)	100	km
Collected separately waste type (aluminium, steel, stainless steel, electronic, plastic)	1.55	kg
Recycling (aluminium, steel, stainless steel, electronic)	1.51	kg
Incineration of plastic parts	0.04	kg
Landfill	0.08	kg

3 AA batteries (14g each) are sent to landfill (C4).

### Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type (including packaging)	1.84	kg
Recycling aluminium	31.88	%
Recycling stainless steel	10.03	%
Recycling steel	35.05	%
Recycling electronic	5.11	%
Incineration of plastic parts	2.22	kg
Incineration of packaging (paper) (from A5)	15.68	%



## 5. LCA: Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

Product stage			Construction process stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MNR	MNR	MNR	X	MND	X	X	X	X	X

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.69E+01	5.88E-01	4.1E-01	2.2E+00	0	0	1.23E-02	7.38E-01	4.51E-02	-7.27E+00
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.8E+01	5.85E-01	9.55E-03	2.12E+00	0	0	1.21E-02	7.37E-01	5.11E-03	-7.25E+00
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-4.56E-01	6.03E-04	4E-01	7.82E-02	0	0	2.88E-05	1.01E-03	4E-02	-9.69E-03
GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	1.46E-02	1.93E-03	6.35E-06	8.13E-06	0	0	2.03E-04	1.22E-04	4.07E-06	-3.26E-03
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	9E-11	4.52E-14	5.59E-14	4.39E-11	0	0	1.78E-15	2.82E-12	4.31E-15	-7.34E-12
AP	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq	1.06E-01	1.65E-02	1.14E-04	1.01E-02	0	0	1.65E-05	6.2E-04	1.21E-05	-5.69E-02
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	5.28E-05	5.85E-07	1.6E-08	5.11E-06	0	0	5.15E-08	5.96E-07	9.41E-07	-3.43E-06
EP-marine	kg N eq	1.62E-02	3.91E-03	4.2E-05	2.12E-03	0	0	6E-06	2.4E-04	1.13E-05	-7.1E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	1.78E-01	4.29E-02	5.23E-04	2.78E-02	0	0	7.14E-05	2.77E-03	4.57E-05	-7.8E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	4.93E-02	1.12E-02	1.11E-04	5.5E-03	0	0	1.65E-05	6.27E-04	2.7E-05	-2.22E-02
ADPE	kg Sb eq	9.09E-04	1.8E-08	5.92E-10	6.27E-06	0	0	1.05E-09	2.28E-08	9.21E-11	-5.98E-04
ADPF	MJ	2.24E+02	5.87E+00	1.26E-01	2.68E+01	0	0	1.59E-01	3.16E+00	3.19E-02	-8.38E+01
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	5.13E+00	2.44E-03	5.09E-02	6.92E-01	0	0	1.87E-04	1.55E-01	1.89E-04	-2.66E+00

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential)

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	8.62E+01	1.51E-01	4.93E+00	1.97E+00	0	0	1.37E-02	1.79E+00	3.39E-03	-3.74E+01
PERM	MJ	4.9E+00	0	-4.9E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERT	MJ	9.11E+01	1.51E-01	3.45E-02	1.97E+00	0	0	1.37E-02	1.79E+00	3.39E-03	-3.74E+01
PENRE	MJ	2.21E+02	5.87E+00	1.26E-01	2.68E+01	0	0	1.59E-01	6.06E+00	3.19E-02	-8.38E+01
PENRM	MJ	2.9E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2.9E+00	0	0
PENRT	MJ	2.24E+02	5.87E+00	1.26E-01	2.68E+01	0	0	1.59E-01	3.16E+00	3.19E-02	-8.38E+01
SM	kg	6.26E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	1.73E-01	1.71E-04	1.2E-03	1.61E-02	0	0	1.53E-05	4.2E-03	5.52E-06	-1.01E-01

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	9.8E-04	1.94E-10	7.2E-11	1.95E-03	0	0	6.09E-12	3.66E-09	5.74E-12	-1.33E-09
NHWD	kg	3.68E+00	6.65E-04	1.29E-02	1.49E+00	0	0	2.6E-05	1.46E-01	3.24E-02	-2.36E+00
RWD	kg	8.69E-03	7.76E-06	6.36E-06	9.25E-04	0	0	2.9E-07	3.63E-04	4.03E-07	-3.05E-03
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.43E+00	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.31E-01	0	0
EEE	MJ	3.16E-03	0	6.21E-01	0	0	0	0	1.04E+00	0	0

EET	MJ	7.33E-03	0	1.13E+00	0	0	0	0	2.33E+00	0	0
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HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

## RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional:

### 1 piece Vingcard Novel Tubular Latch Lock

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	1.47E-06	2.88E-07	6.28E-10	1.48E-07	0	0	1.66E-10	6.59E-09	1.22E-10	-8.21E-07
IR	kBq U235 eq	1.35E+00	1.09E-03	1E-03	9.46E-01	0	0	4.2E-05	5.85E-02	6E-05	-3.18E-01
ETP-fw	CTUe	1.34E+02	4.34E+00	5.52E-02	1.2E+02	0	0	1.18E-01	9.32E-01	4.46E-02	-2.66E+01
HTP-c	CTUh	4.3E-07	8.09E-11	3.28E-12	5.34E-10	0	0	2.38E-12	7.3E-11	8.15E-13	-2.3E-07
HTP-nc	CTUh	1.61E-07	2.88E-09	6.47E-11	3.58E-08	0	0	1.07E-10	3.65E-09	6.96E-11	-5.74E-08
SQP	SQP	1.47E+02	7.53E-01	3.85E-02	1.21E+00	0	0	7.82E-02	1.13E+00	3.47E-03	-5E+00

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator “Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235”. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators “abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources”, “abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources”, “water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption”, “potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems”, “potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic”, “Potential comparative toxic unit for humans - not cancerogenic”, “potential soil quality index”. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

## 6. LCA: Interpretation

This chapter contains an interpretation of the Life Cycle Impact Assessment categories. Stated percentages in the whole interpretation are related to the overall life cycle, excluding credits (module D). The environmental impacts for the transport (A2) have a negligible impact within this stage.

The production stage (modules A1-A3) contributes between 63% and 99% to the overall results for all core environmental impact assessment categories. Biogenic carbon intake is mainly related to the extraction of renewable raw materials (A1).

Within the production stage, the main contribution for all the impact categories is the production of steel and aluminum

mainly due to the energy consumption of these processes. To reflect the use stage (module B2) for a service life of 10 years, replacement (production and end of life) of batteries twice was included in this declaration, and it has a minor to medium contribution for all core impact assessment categories considered - between 0.61% and 30%.

In the end-of-life stage, there are loads and benefits (module D, negative values) considered. The benefits are considered beyond the system boundaries and are declared for the recycling potential of the metals and for the credits from the incineration process (energy substitution).

## 7. Requisite evidence

Not applicable for this EPD

## 8. References

### Standards, norms, directives

#### EN 15804

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

#### EU/EFTA directives

RED Directive 2014/53/EU  
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU  
Amd. 2015/863/EU

**EN 62479: 2010** (Assessment of the compliance of low-power electronic and electrical equipment with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 MHz to 300 GHz))

**IEC 62368-1: 2018** (Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements)

**EN 301 489-01: V2.2.3** (ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements; Harmonised Standard for ElectroMagnetic Compatibility)

**EN 301 489-03: V2.3.1** (ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 3: Specific conditions for Short Range Devices (SRD) operating on frequencies between 9 kHz and 246 GHz; Harmonised Standard for ElectroMagnetic Compatibility)

**EN 55032: 2015 +AC: 2016 +A1: 2020** (Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission Requirements)

**EN 300 330: V2.1.1** (Short Range Devices (SRD); Radio equipment in the frequency range 9 kHz to 25 MHz and inductive loop systems in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of



## FCC Part 15 (RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES)

**ISED Certificate** (RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017) (Digital Transmission Systems, Frequency Hopping Systems and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network Devices in 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, 5150-5350 MHz, and 5470-5895 MHz bands)

**ISO 9001:2015** Quality management systems — Requirements

**ISO14001:2015** Environmental management systems — Requirements with guidance for use

**ISO45001:2018** Occupational health and safety management systems — Requirements with guidance for use

**RSS-210** Issue 10 December 2019 Amendment (April 2020) (Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices ) (Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus: Category I Equipment)

**BHMA A156.2** (American National Standard for Bored & Preassembled Locks and Latches)

**UL 10C** (20,45 and 90min)

**EWC:** European Waste Classification for Statistics (EWC-Stat) Version 4 (2010)  
EWC 17 04 02 Aluminum  
EWC 17 04 05 Iron and steel  
EWC 17 02 03 Plastic  
EWC 17 04 11 Cables except for those outlined in EWC  
EWC Code 20 01 35 Electronics

EWC Code 20 01 33 Batteries

## Further references

### Sphera Managed Lifecycle Content (MLC)

Sphera Solutions, Managed LCA content dataset documentation, Sphera Solutions, Chicago, US, 2023. Retrieved from <https://lcadatabase.sphera.com/>

### Sphera's Life Cycle for Expert (LCA FE) software:

Sphera Solutions, 'Life Cycle Assessment for Expert software', Sphera Solutions, Chicago, US, 2023. Retrieved from <https://sphera.com/>

### IBU 2021

General Instructions for the EPD programme of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Version 2.0, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2021. [www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com)

### IBU PCR Part A

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., Berlin (pub.): Product Category Rules for Construction Products from the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU), Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Background Report Version 1.4 04.2024 [www.ibu-epd.de](http://www.ibu-epd.de)

### IBU PCR Part B

IBU PCR Part B: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Services. From the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institute Construction and Environment e.V. (IBU). Part B: Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Building Hardware products (08.2021) [www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com)

### TRACI Methodology

Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts (TRACI), EPA/600/R-12/554 2012



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